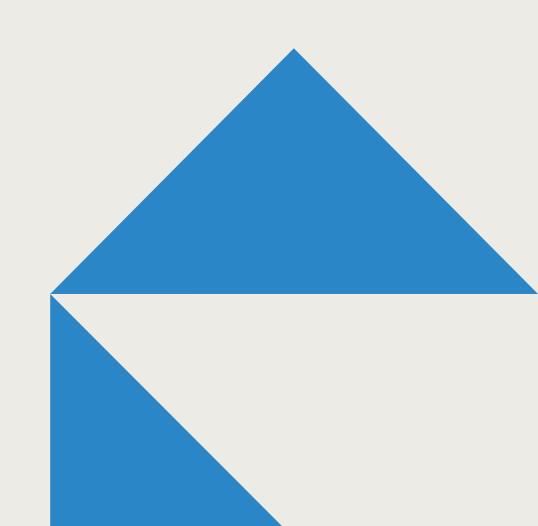




MacEachron Park Shoreline Restoration Schematic Designs

Hastings-on-Hudson June 14, 2022



MacEachron Park - Purpose of today's meeting

- Provide a status update to the public regarding work accomplished to date
- Solicit input from park users, stakeholders and the general public
- Discuss next steps

MacEachron Park – Shoreline Restoration Schematic Designs Public Insights

Questionnaire to solicit ideas and input from this evening's presentation

Two ways:

- 1. Preferred on-line form https://forms.office.com/r/HstfNEKf9S
- 2. Paper (we have 15 blank forms tonight)



The Grant – Hudson River Estuary Program

Conceptual Design – Produce a conceptual design with nature-based elements to stabilize the shoreline, remediate park-side erosion, manage stormwater runoff, and include an area to access the water. Design will accommodate tidal flooding and climate change impacts.

The park is named after Frances MacEachron, the Village's first female mayor who served from 1981 to 1993

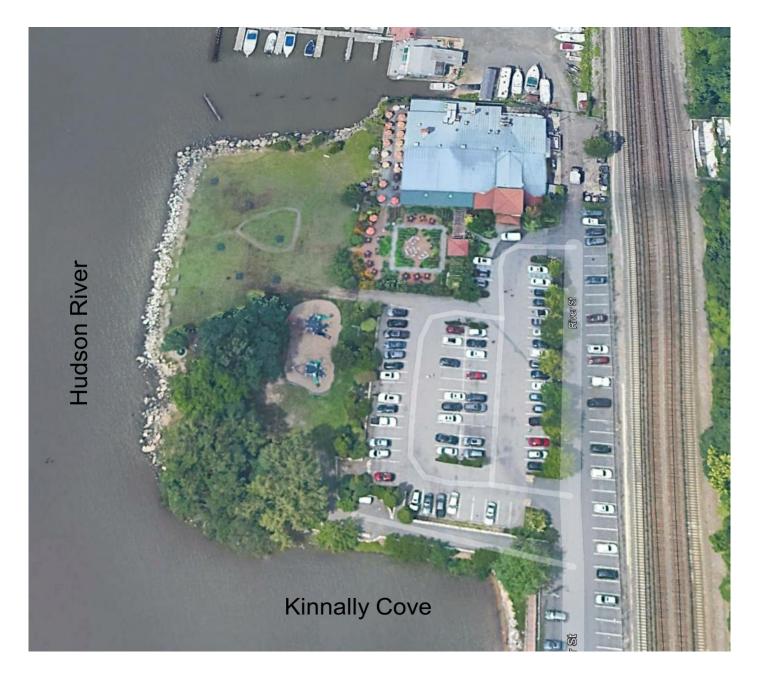
The park is popular as it is, along with adjacent Kinnally Cove, the Village's only waterfront park

Thousands of residents and visitors use the park each year

Views of the Hudson River, the new Mario M. Cuomo bridge, the Palisades, and the Manhattan skyline

Amenities currently include natural scenery with a short trail, a playground, picnic tables and park benches

Park Setting

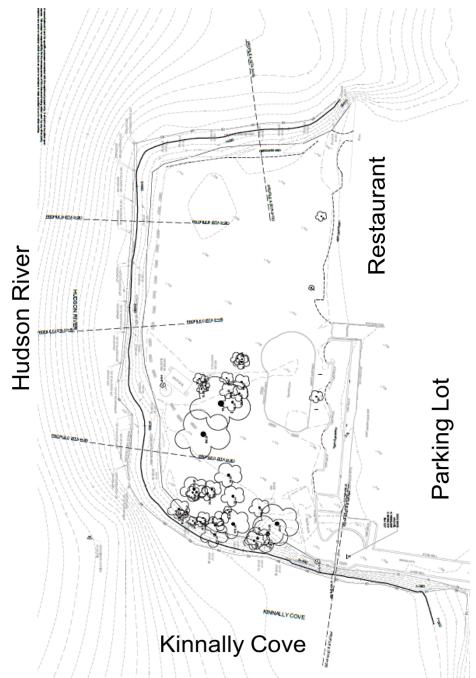


Topographic and Hydrographic Survey

We created a base map from which:

Existing conditions can be defined, and,

Concept designs can be prepared



Existing Conditions Report

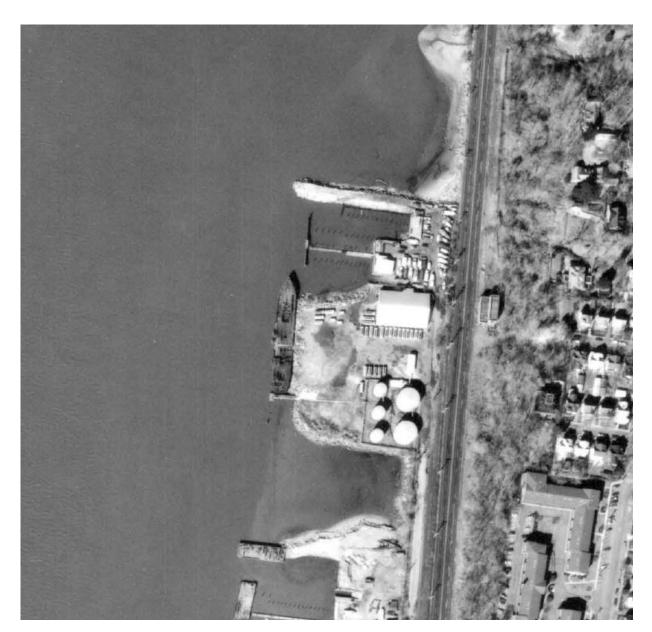
Prepared January 2022

- Shoreline and Erosion
- Stormwater
- Flood Risk Assessment
- Trees and Soils
- Permitting Assessment
- Resilience
- Environmental Assessment
- An Engineering Basis of Design was prepared
 - -Tidal elevations and river stage including sea level rise
 - -Storms, waves and vessel wake
 - -Currents and ice
 - -Salinity

Previous Uses

Industrial

- Stone
- Timber Bulkhead
- Offshore piers and mooring
- Dolphin
- Storage Tanks

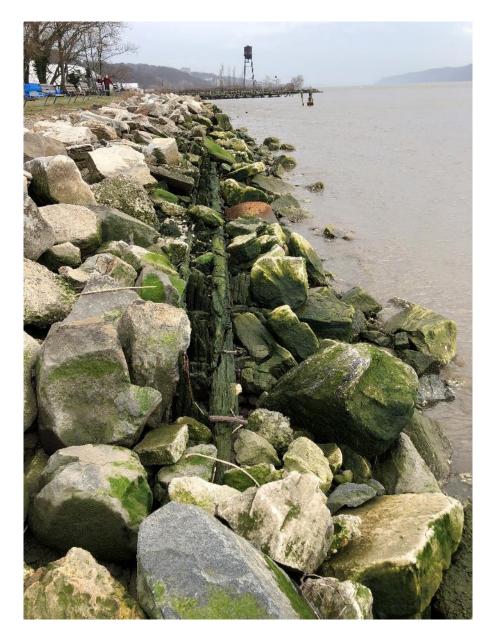


1976

Shoreline

Along the Hudson River





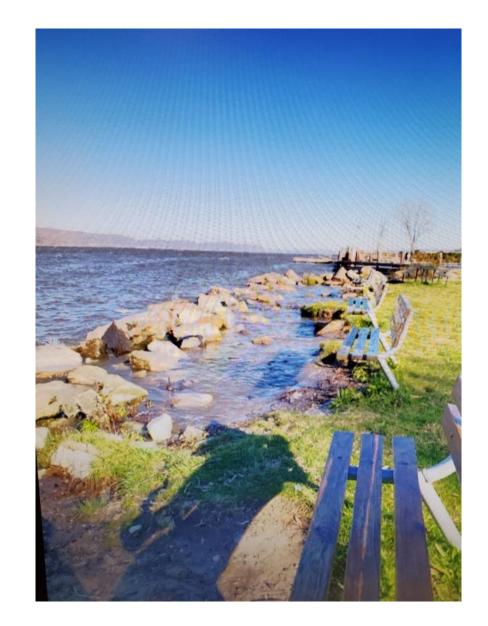
Extreme high and low water

High

- River stage due to rain
- High astronomical tide
- Storm surge
- Wind working with an incoming tide

Low

- Lack of rain
- Wind working with an outgoing tide



Erosion and Sedimentation

- Erosion is occurring along the western and northern shorelines
- Storm Waves
- Increased Water levels
- Vessel Wake
- Displaced Stone Revetment and failing timber bulkhead
- Geotechnical instability exists along the southern shoreline
- Collapsing wall along Kinnally Cove
- Sedimentation of Kinnally Cove is expected to increase with the remediation of the Anaconda Wire site.

Erosion

Erosion

- Loss of Benches
- Safety
- Loss of usable park land
- Periodic flooding



Vessel Wake



Areas of accelerated erosion

Cove

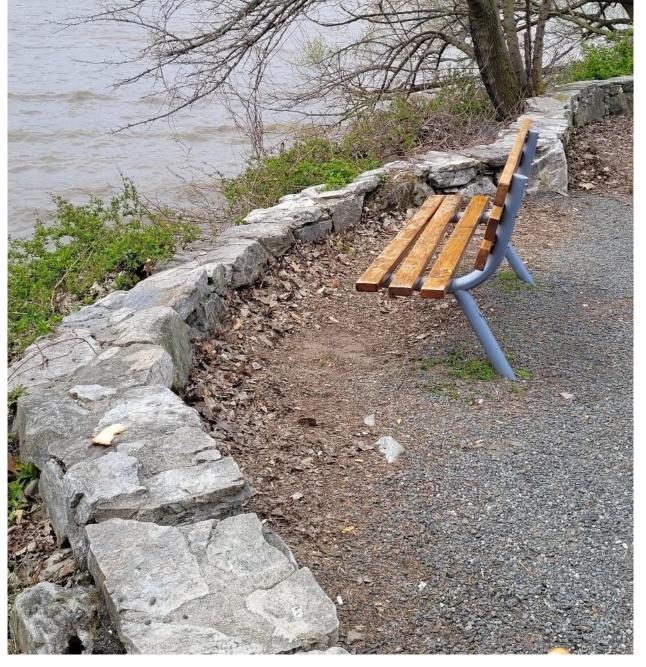




Southern Shoreline

Along Kinnally Cove



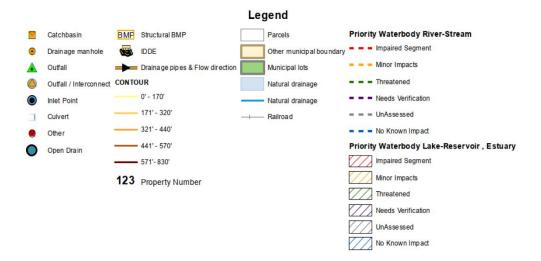


ShorelineAlong Kinnally Cove





Hastings Stormwater MS4





Existing Stormwater Flow

Elevations

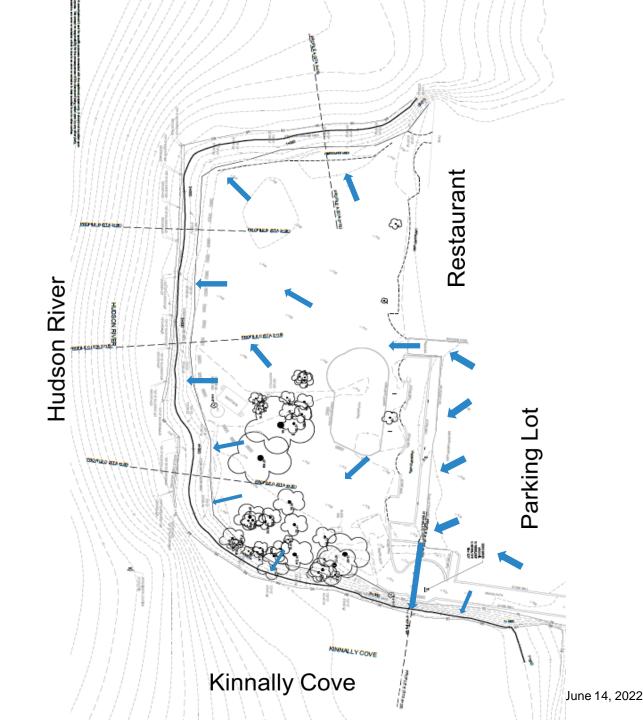
- Parking lot +6.19 to +6.59 ft
- •Park +3.98 to +5.29 ft

Outfall Pipe

•Inverts +4.12 to +3.08 ft

Final Grading Plan

 Account for raised elevations in the park



Existing Conditions

Stormwater





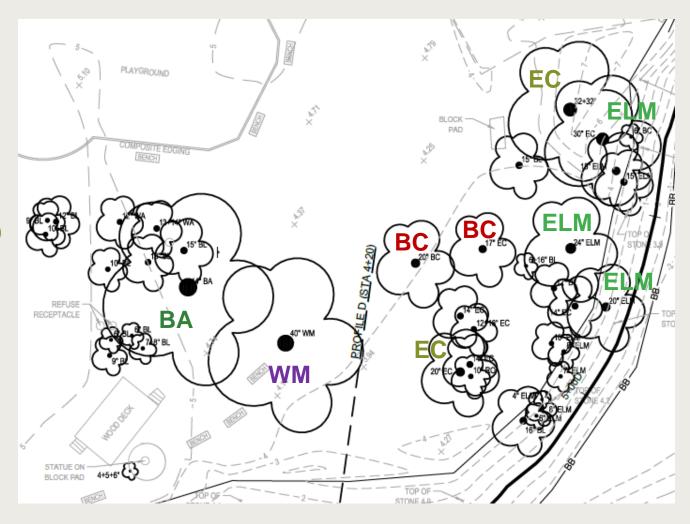


MacEachron Waterfront Park: 48 trees inventoried by Matt Weibel (SavATree Consulting Group)

Existing Conditions

Trees

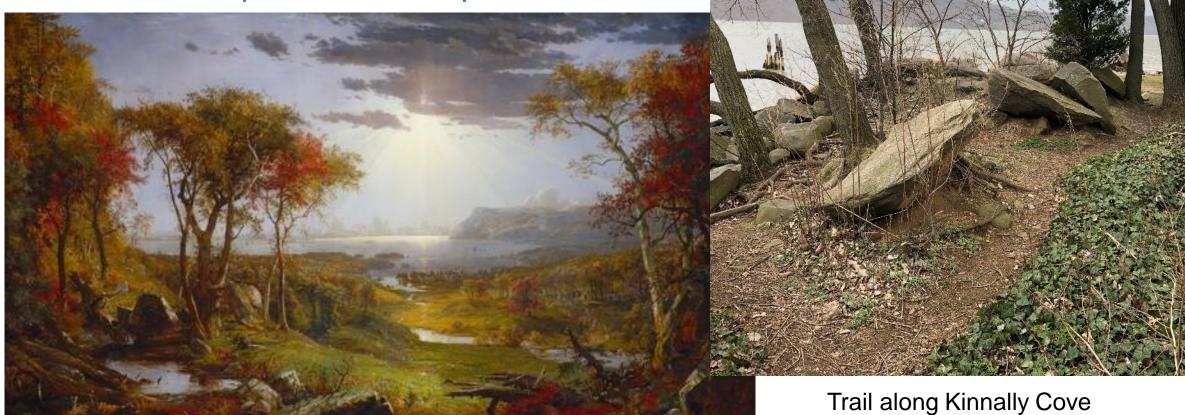
- BL Black Locust (Robinia pseudoacacia)
- WA White Ash (*Fraxinus americana*)
- BA Bigtooth Aspen (*Populus grandidentata*)
- WM White Mulberry (Morus alba)
- EC Eastern Cottonwood (Populus deltoides)
- RO Northern Red Oak (*Quercus rubra*)
- ELM Elm spp. (*Ulmus spp.*)
- BC Black Cherry (*Prunus serotina*)



Concept Design

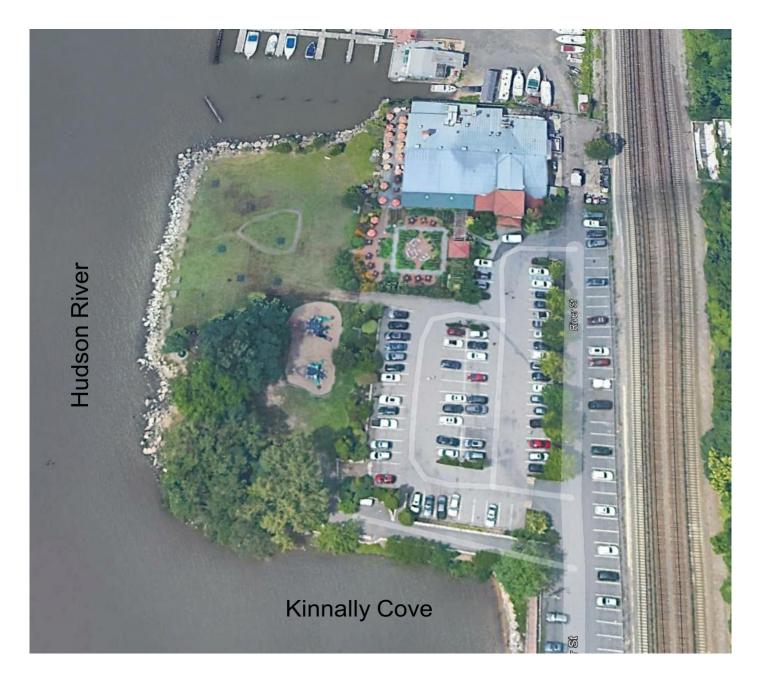
Setting and Inspiration

Hudson River Landscape School of Landscape Painters

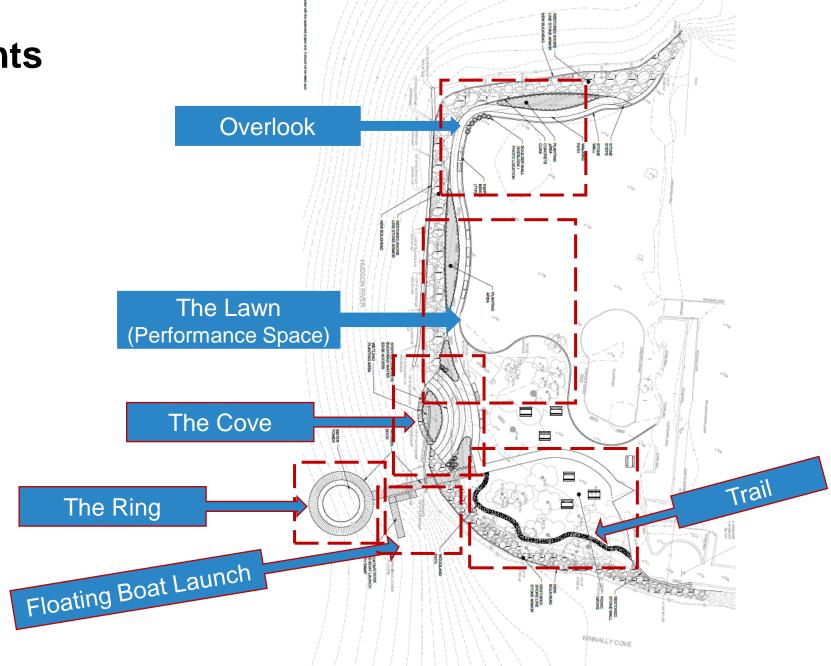


Autumn on the Hudson River by Local Artist Jasper Francis Cropsey, 1860

Concept Design

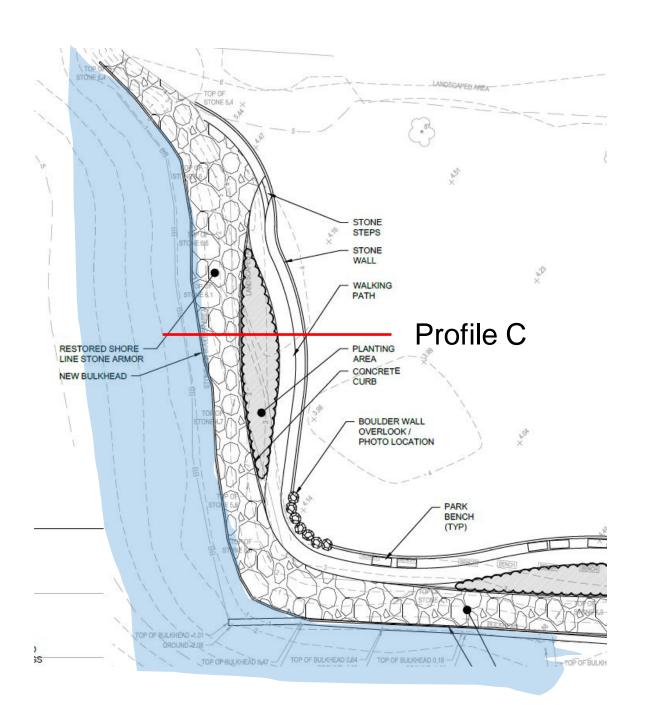


Elements



Concept Designs

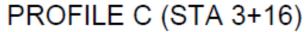
Overlook area with raised elevation and nature-based edges

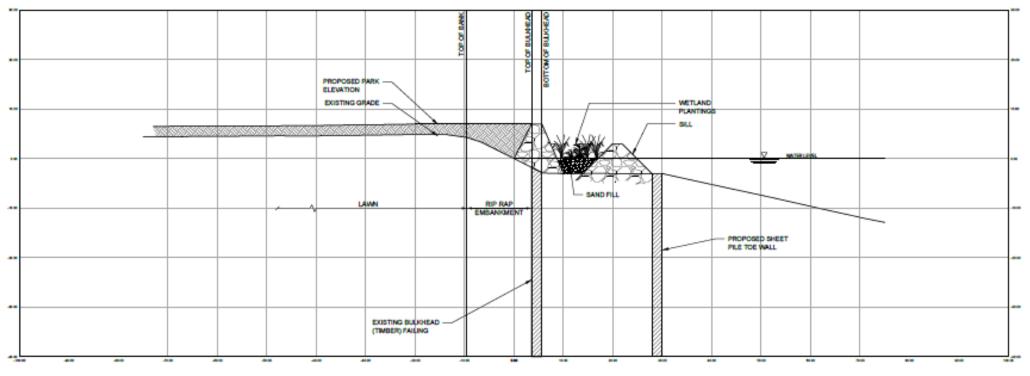


Mott MacDonald

Conceptual stone revetment and sill w/ plantings

Increased elevation to +6.5 ft. NAVD 88 northern 2/3 of the park



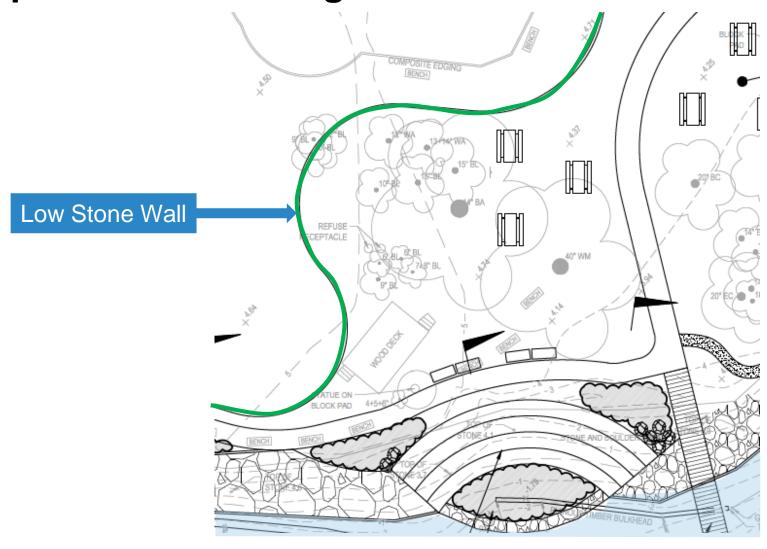




Concept Designs

Overlook/Photo Spot

Concepts – Lawn seating



Design Elements – Low Stone Wall



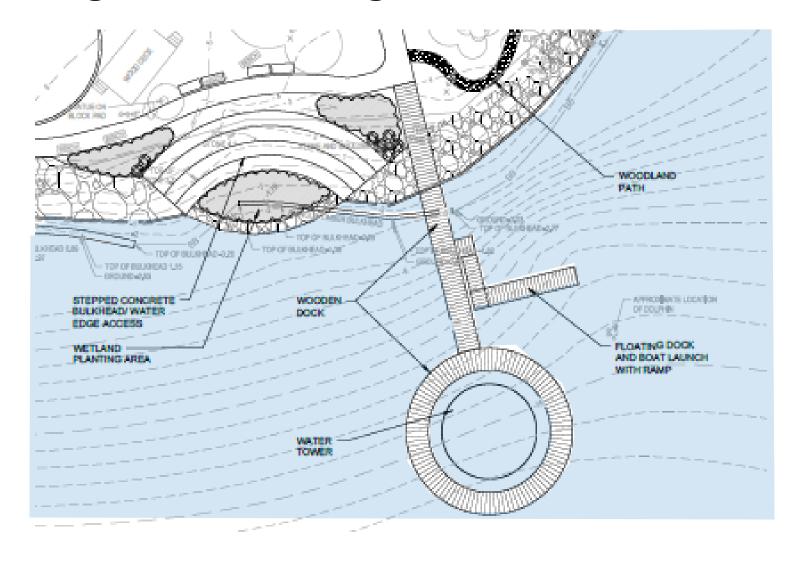




Concepts

Lawn seating

Concept Designs – Cove, Ring and Boat Launch

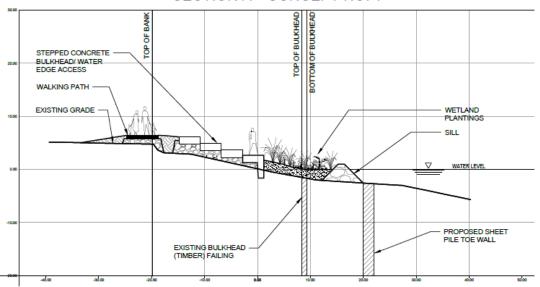


Concept Design

Cove/Tidal Pool

Enhancing Water Access









Cove/Tide Pool

Areas of accelerated erosion

Cove





Concepts

Cove/Tide Pool

Enhancing Water Access



The Ring - Water Access

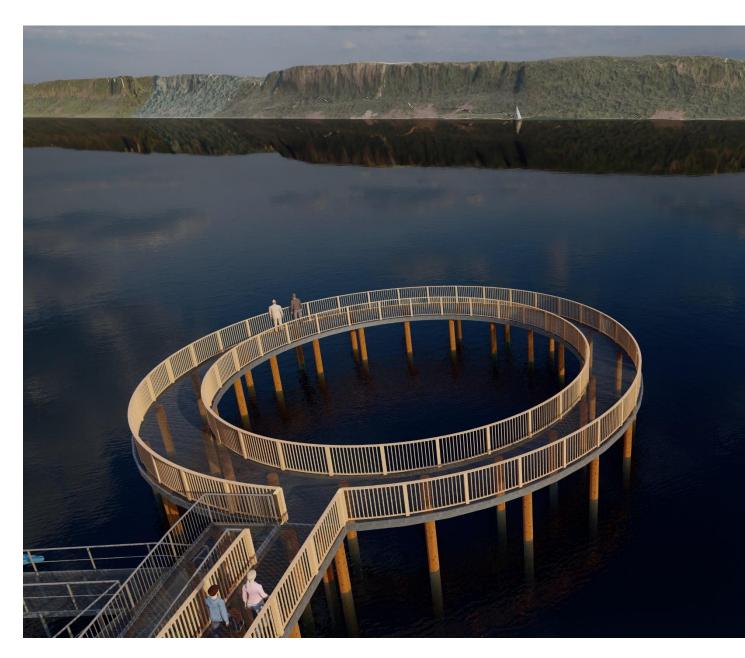
Increase Educational opportunities and Ecosystem Services



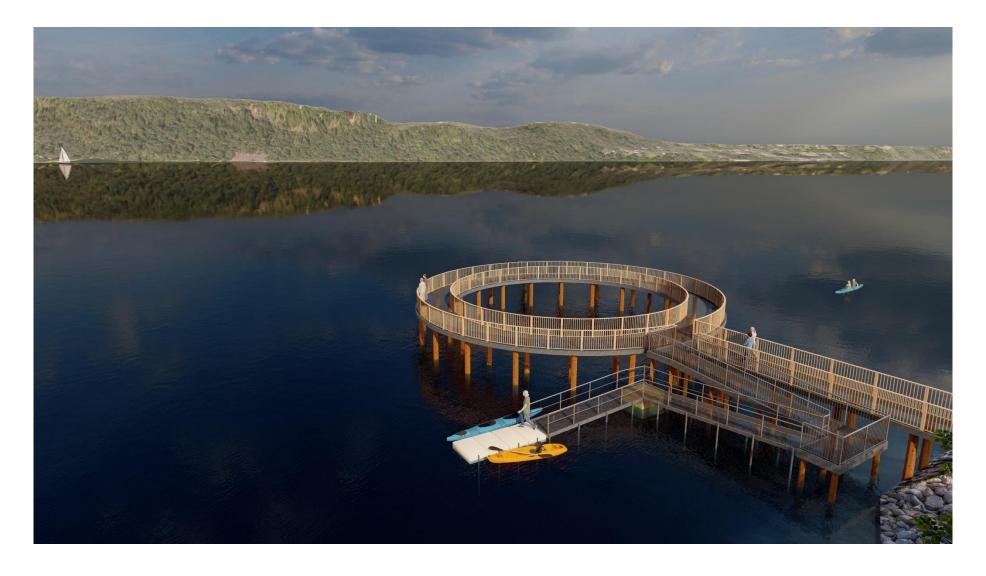
Mussels grown on "sockline" Photo: wwwdfo-mpo.gc



Model of the "crust" of filter-feeding marine organisms on a wooden piling, at American Museum of Natural History



"The Ring" Water Access with Floating Boat Launch



The Ring with Water Tower



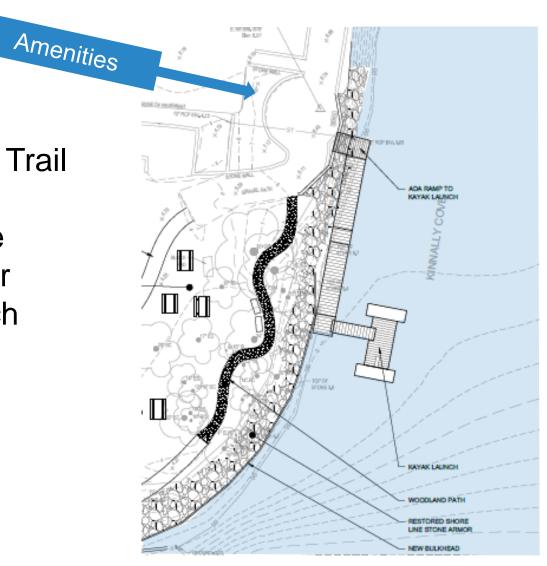
The Ring with Floating Boat Launch and Water Tower

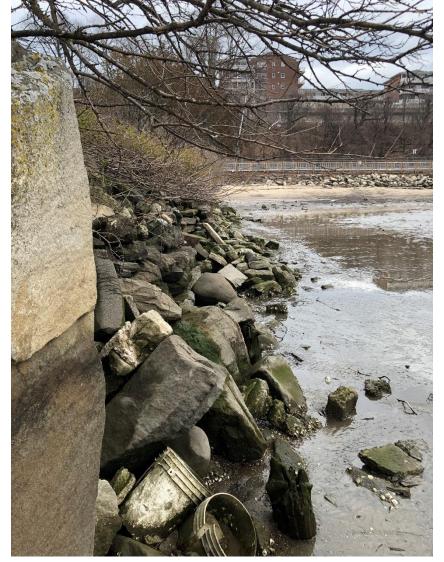


Concept Design for Southern shoreline along Kinnally Cove

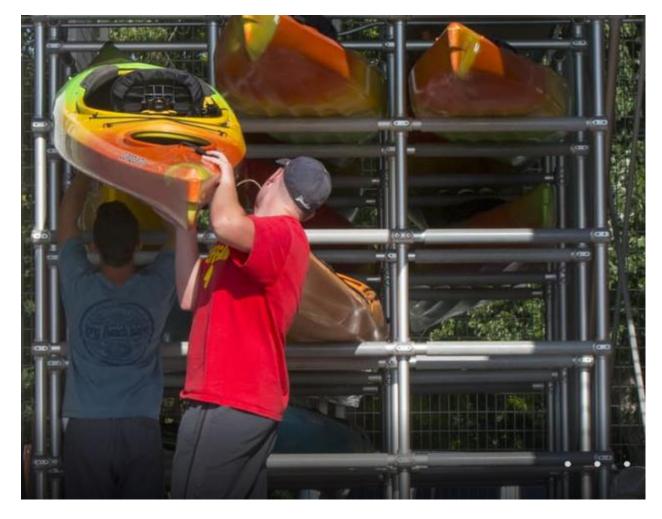
Enhanced Trail

- Amenities
- Alternative location for boat launch





Example Amenities - Bike Racks and Kayak Storage



Scenic Hudson Long Dock Park, Beacon, NY



Example bike racks

Enhanced Trail





Summary of Concept Designs

Major work efforts for next phases

Temporary protection of the shoreline has been initiated, but erosion will likely continue

- Develop Preferred Plan
- Obtain additional funding
- Conduct geotechnical and environmental borings, and final designs
- Restore the shoreline to protect against future erosion and loss of parkland
- Improve the stability of the southern shoreline to prevent collapse
- Provide final grading plan to enhance stormwater flow

Design Elements – Modularity and Phasing – for the Preferred Plan

- Raise elevation in specific areas park will continue to flood, but less often, and with reduced impact
- Increase public access to the river
- Add historical, cultural and educational context to the park
- Enhance public use through amenities
- Allow subtle demarcation of areas within the park
- Some elements may be more difficult to obtain permits

Acknowledgements

This project has been funded in part by a grant from the New York State Environmental Protection Fund through the Hudson River Estuary Program of the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.



Department of Environmental Conservation



A Program of the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation





Public Input



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